

Increasing Your Odds

a guide to applying and interviewing for Federal jobs

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1995

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d from Marketing Yourself (or) From Ruts...to Raises
LM Integrated Workforce Committee, June 1989.



D. 88078588

Introduction

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Now that you've made the abilities (KSAs); and interdecision to apply for a new viewing. This pamphlet Federal position, you want to provides hints on how to do your best to develop a wintailor your application to a ning application. The particular vacancy announcement and on how three greatest There are three kinds of people hurdles in to put your best foot in the world the applicaforward in a personal the wills. the Won'ts, tion process are interview. It also and the can'ts. preparing an apincludes other ref-The first accomplish plication; writing erences for addieverything; a narrative statetional informathe second oppose ment addressing your tion or more everything: knowledge, skills, and the third detail. fail in everything.

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How to Prepare Your Application for Specific Vacancies

In the past, Standard Form 171 (SF 171), Application for Federal Employment, was used throughout the Federal Government to apply for jobs. But in January 1995, the Federal Government issued a much simpler application, Optional Form 612 (OF 612), Optional Application for Federal Employment. DOI is moving away from accepting SF171s and eventually

will no longer The kind of people accept them I look for from internal to fill top management candidates. spots are the eager beavers. Generally, candithe mavericks. These are the dates may use the OF 612, a resume, or other written format to apply for a position. Some vacancies may require you to submit a supplemental

questionnaire. The vacancy announcement will specify which form is required to apply.

Regardless of the type of application used, you should take advantage of the opportunity it provides to sell yourself as the right person for the job. Your application introduces a personnel specialist and select-

ing official to your experience and education, skills training, outside activities, awards, etc., and ultimately influences their determinations. Therefore, it people who try is essential that to do more than they're expected vou submit an to do they application always reach. that reflects . Lee lacocca careful preparation.

It is best to prepare your application or resume in a way that reflects your background as it applies to the advertised position. The vacancy announcement will usually list major duties of the position and the evaluation factors. When you prepare your application, complete all items on the form as thoroughly as possible—do not assume that someone else will understand what is not there. If you plan to submit a resume, be sure you provide all required information as outlined in the brochure *Applying for a Federal Job* (OF 510). In addition to your work experience, other elements, such as relevant awards, training, self-development, outside activities, and supervisory appraisal are evaluated as indicators of your ability to perform the specific ranking factors of the position.

It is important to be concise in describing your experience. However, be specific enough so that the person reviewing the application can easily identify your knowledge, skills, abilities, responsibilities, and interests. Take the time to note:

- What you do.
- What skills you use to do the work.
- What your specific responsibilities are. You should always describe your duties and responsibilities as you perform them and in your own words. Never attach copies of position descriptions. While you will find your official position descriptions useful when preparing your ap-

plication, a selecting official will seldom read attachments of this sort.

 How you use your own judgment and initiative in the position. Show accomplishments such as special assignments, details, task forces, and especially supervisory/ managerial experiences.

If you need more space to document your specific work experience than is provided, use plain bond paper and list your work experience in reverse chronological order. Avoid lengthy or fragmented attachments and be sure they are also in chronological order.

When preparing a Federal resume, use white space to highlight the text and make it easier to read. Limit your resume (including experience, awards, education, and training) to five pages. And be sure to print your resume on quality white or gray bond; colors can be distracting. Refer to the two examples at the end of this section for help in writing your own resume.

You are no longer required to describe all work experience in the last 10 years. You need only describe job-related work/volunteer experience, regardless of the time frame. You may wish to briefly describe other, unrelated experience if you believe such a description is of value.

If you have employment in two instances covering the same time periods, be sure to indicate how they fit in, i.e., "part-time" work while employed as ____ from (date) to (date).

Do not overlook opportunities to document your outside activities, education, awards, and training, especially if they are relevant to the position for which you are applying. If a transcript or listing of college courses is required, be sure to attach it to your application.

Once you have completed your application or resume, you may want to have someone review it for a critical analysis of grammar, sentence structure, and overall continuity. In addition, be sure to make any necessary modifications and updates, such as the kind of position for which you are applying, vacancy announcement number, and the lowest grade you will accept. Be flexible here, and explain when it may be appropriate for you to consider a lower grade. And if you make additional copies of your application, the appearance should be as good as the original. Sign the copy with an original signature.

It may be pertinent to include a cover sheet with your application to briefly explain why you feel you are well qualified for the position and how you meet any selective placement factors or ranking factors. This cover sheet may also include any other specific information you wish to share.

Supervisory appraisals are another important part of your application package. Give your supervisor suggestions about what should be addressed in the appraisal. If your supervisor is extremely busy or has given inadequate appraisals before, you may want to consider writing your own. Give your supervisor a copy and make her/him feel as though you're only trying to help her/him save time. Be careful not to offend your supervisor.

When you submit your application, it is important to keep a record of the vacancies for which you have applied and the telephone number where you will be able to obtain information about your application if necessary.

Remember, personnel specialists and selecting officials must rely on how well you present your personal qualifications on your application and cannot make assumptions regarding your knowledge, skills, abilities, etc.

The following eight pages show two suggested resume formats, as well as a sample of a completed OF 612. Note that the same data is used in all three examples to make it easier to compare them.

JOHN Q. DOE SSN:000-00-0000

1234 Cherry Lane Denver, CO 80212

Daytime: (303) 236-0000 Evening: (303) 111-1111

OBJECTIVE

Wildlife Biologist, GS-486-11 Announcement BLM-95-22222

WORK EXPERIENCE

Wildlife Biologist, GS-486-9 12/92 to Present

Salary: \$29,641 per year; Hours per week: 40 Bureau of Land Management, Colorado State Office, 2850 Youngfield St, Lakewood, CO 80225-0047 Ms. Mary Smith, (303) 236-0000 Permission to Contact Granted

Duties and Accomplishments:

Develop and implement procedures for integrating the Integrated Habitat Inventory and Classification System (IHICS) wildlife inventories with vegetative inventories. Devise new or modify current data collection procedures. Educate data systems users on proper data collection techniques.

Accomplishments have included design of an edit/error system to correct raw field data and generate error listings and design of an IHICS integration system to generate standard reports.

Wildlife Biologist, GS-486-7, 10/91 to 12/92

Salary: \$25,745 per year; Hours per week: 40 Bureau of Land Management, Redding Resource Area, 355 Hernsted Dr, Redding, CA 96002 Mr. Richard Jones, (555) 555-5555

Duties and Accomplishments:

Determined condition (rating) and trend of habitat sites. Verified and/or predicted animal species occurrence, density, relative abundance and distribution within selected habitat sites. Delineated big game crucial areas and estimated their carrying capacities.

Accomplishments included analysis of herpetological inventory data, which required the use of various statistical techniques, and analysis of Raptor and Small Bird Inventory.

Biological Technician, GS-404-5, 8/90 to 10/91

Salary: \$23,839 per year; Hours per week: 40 Bureau of Land Management, Redding Resource Area, 355 Hemsted Dr, Redding, CA 96002 Mr. Richard Jones, (555) 555-5555

Duties and Accomplishments:

Collected habitat site data. Identified special habitat features. Assisted in delineating possible critical habitats of threatened or endangered species and crucial habitats of sensitive species.

Accomplishments included collecting aquatic inventory data, analyzing aquatic inventory data, and training co-workers how to use statistical analysis computer programs.

Prior to 8/90, held a number of temporary positions to finance college education.

EDUCATION

Colleges and Universities:

California State University, Sacramento, CA 95825

Bachelor of Science in Biology

August, 1990

Last High School:

Sacramento Union High School

Sacramento, CA Graduated June, 1986

AWARDS

Special Act Award Performance Award January 1993 October 1995

PERSONAL INFORMATION

U.S. Citizen

No Veteran's Preference

Highest Federal Employment: GS-401-9 12/92 to Present Reinstatement Eligibility: Current Federal Employee

TRAINING COURSES

PC/Focus Advanced Techniques

1992

Basic Program Management

1995

CERTIFICATION

I certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, all of the information on and attached to this resume is true, correct, complete and made in good faith. I understand that false or fraudulent information or attached to this resume may be grounds for not hiring me or for firing me after I begin work, and may be punishable by fine or imprisonment. I understand that any information I give may be investigated.

Signature:	Date Signed:	
oignature.	Date Digited.	_

JOHN Q. DOE 1234 Cherry Lane Denver, CO 80212 (303) 111-1111

CAREER OBJECTIVE

Wildlife Biologist, GS-486-11 Announcement BLM-95-22222

CAREER SUMMARY

Bureau of Land Management Wildlife Biologist with four years of experience at the field and state office levels.

EMPLOYMENT HISTORY

12/92-Present Bur

Bureau of Land Management, Colorado State Office Wildlife Biologist, GS-486-9

Develop and implement procedures for integrating the Integrated Habitat Inventory and Classification System (IHICS) wildlife inventories with vegetative inventories. Devise new or modify current data collection procedures. Educate data systems users on proper data collection techniques.

Accomplishments have included design of an edit/error system to correct raw field data and generate error listings and design of an IHICS integration system to generate standard reports.

10/91-12/92

Bureau of Land Management, Redding Resource Area Wildlife Biologist

Determined condition (rating) and trend of habitat sites. Verified and/ or predicted animal species occurrence, density, relative abundance and distribution within selected habitat sites. Delineated big game crucial areas and estimated their carrying capacities.

Accomplishments included analysis of herpetological inventory data, which required the use of various statistical techniques, and analysis of Raptor and Small Bird Inventory.

8/90-10/91

Bureau of Land Management, Redding Resource Area Biological Technician, GS-404-5

Collected habitat site data. Identified special habitat features. Assisted in delineating possible critical habitats of threatened or endangered species and crucial habitats of sensitive species.

Accomplishments included collecting aquatic inventory data, analyzing aquatic inventory data, and training co-workers how to use statistical analysis computer programs.

Prior to 8/90, held a number of temporary positions to finance college education.

EDUCATION

Bachelor of Science in Biology awarded August 1990, California State University, Sacramento, CA 95825.

Graduated June 1986, Sacramento Union High School, Sacramento, CA.

AWARDS

Special Act Award, January 1993 Performance Award, October 1995

TRAINING COURSES

PC/Focus Advanced Techniques	1992
Basic Program Management	1995

John Q. Doe SSN:000-00-0000

Daytime: (303) 236-0000 Evening: (303) 111-1111 Non-veteran, US Citizen

Highest Federal Employment: GS-401-9 12/92 to Present Reinstatement Eligibility: Current Federal Employee

12/92-Present

Wildlife Biologist, GS-486-9
Bureau of Land Management

Colorado State Office 2850 Youngfield St

Lakewood, CO 80225-0047

Supervisor: Ms. Mary Smith, (303) 236-0000

Permission to Contact Granted

Salary: \$29,641 per year; Hours per week: 40

10/91-12/92

Wildlife Biologist, GS-486-7 Bureau of Land Management Redding Resource Area 355 Hemsted Dr Redding, CA 96002

Supervisor: Mr. Richard Jones, (555) 555-5555 Salary: \$25,745 per year; Hours per week: 40

8/90-10/91

Biological Technician, GS-404-5 Bureau of Land Management

Redding Resource Area (same as above)

Mr. Richard Jones, (555) 555-5555

Salary: \$23,839 per year; Hours per week: 40

Certification

I certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, all of the information on and attached to this resume is true, correct, complete and made in good faith. I understand that false or fraudulent information or attached to this resume may be grounds for not hiring me or for firing me after I begin work, and may be punishable by fine or imprisonment. I understand that any information I give may be investigated.

Signature:	Date Signed:

Form Approved

PTIONAL APPLICATION FOR FEDE	RAL EMPLOYMENT - OF 612
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You may apply for most jobs with a resume, this form, or other written format. If your resume or application does not provide all the information requested on this form and in the job vacancy announcement, you may lose consideration for a job.

Job title in announcement		rade(s) applying for	3 Announcement number
Wildlife Biologi	st (38-11	BLH-95-22222
Last name	First and middle nemes .		5 Social Security Number
Doe John Quincy			000-00-0000
Malling address			7 Phone numbers (include area code)
1234 Cherry Lane			Daytime (303 1236-0000
Denver	CO 80:		Evening (303)111-1111
NORK EXPERIENCE Describe your paid and nonpaid we	rk experience related to the job for which you are	applying. Do not attach	
Job Ble (If Federal, include series			

Wildlife Biologist, GS-486-9
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Supervisor's name and phone number
Bureau of Land Management, Colorado State Office
2850 Youngfield St. Lakewood, CO 80225-0047
(303 236-0000

Develop and implement procedures for integrating the Integrated Habitat Inventory and Classification System (IHICS) wildlife inventories with vegetative inventories. Devise new or modify current data collection procedures. Educate data systems users on proper data collection techniques.

Accomplishments have included design of an edit/error system to correct raw field data and generate serror listings and design of an IRICS integration system to generate standard reports.

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10/91 12/92 \$ 25,745 anum 50 Supervisor name and phone number Employer's name and address Bureau of Land Management, Redding Resource Area (Richard Jones 335 Hearted Par Radding, CA 96002 (S55) 555-5553

Determined condition (rating) and trend of habitat sites. Verified and/or predicted animal species occurrence, density, relative abundance and distribution within selected habitat

sites. Delineated big game crucial areas and estimated their carrying capacities.

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50612-101	NBN 7540-01-361-9175	Optional Form 912 (September 195- U.S. Office of Personnel Manageme

Sacramento Union 12 Colleges and universities attended.					6/86		
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ADDENDUM

John Quincy Doe, SSN: 000-00-0000

Biological Technician, GS-404-5

8/90 to 10/91, Salary: \$23,839 per year; Hours per week: 40

Bureau of Land Management

Redding Resource Area

355 Hemsted Dr

Redding, CA 96002

Mr. Richard Jones, (555) 555-5555

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Prior to 8/90, held a number of temporary positions to finance college education.

KSAs: The Beauty & the Beast

What are KSAs?

KSAs can be simply defined as: knowledge-something you know; ability-something you can do; and skillhow well you do it. KSAs are written to identify one simple or readily identifiable characteristic.

No, KSAs were not developed by a sadistic person with nothing better to Don't be afraid do than look forto fail. Don't Waste energy trying to ward to recover up failure.

The KSA process was actually developed by a group of sane peo-

tirement.

ple who were looking for better ways to

rate and evaluate job

candidates.

When contemplating responses to KSAs, keep in mind that they offer you the opportunity to "sell yourself" to the selecting official. The better you portray yourself, the better your opportunity to be selected. Face it, there are a lot of exceptionally qualified candidates in the job market, all waiting to advance or even make a lateral move.

The beast of the KSA is the time, agony, and procrastination that generally goes along with providing detailed evidence of your experience, training, education, It's okay to fail. awards, hobbies, If you're not failing, you're not self-development growing. efforts, and . H. Stanley Judd other aspects of your background as they

Learn from your failures and go

on to the next

challenge.

relate to the KSAs. Frequently, KSAs are nonspecific and appear impersonal, abstract, and repetitive of information requested on the application.

The **beauty**, on the other hand, is that KSA responses give you the opportunity to specifically address the items the selecting official feels are the most important. They also give you the chance to show how well you express yourself

in writing. Oh, and one more thing—they encourage brevity. Two pages are all you get to sell your attributes. Generally, if you do a good job, you will seldom need additional space.

A narrative statement addressing KSAs does three things for you as an applicant:

- It presents an original writing sample that is guaranteed to be read and evaluated by the prospective hiring agency.
- It adds job-specific tailoring to your application without requiring you to prepare an entirely new application.
- It presents the opportunity for you to convince others that your background matches the vacancy requirement. The narrative statement should be considered a written interview.

How KSAs are Used

When your application reaches the servicing personnel office, it is rated against the standards in the Qualifications Handbook. If your application meets the qualification standards, it may be rated against the KSAs using a rating plan.

A rating plan is developed jointly by the selecting official and a personnel specialist and is used as a guide for ranking eligible candidates. The rating plan defines a "superior" and "acceptable" competence level for each KSA.

You do not have access to the rating plan during the preparation of your application. However, extra time spent fine-tuning your KSAs could make the difference between "acceptable" and "superior," significantly increasing your total score.

Here are a few techniques you may find useful in preparing your responses to the KSAs:

Carefully review the ranking factors of the vacancy announcement. Ask yourself if your background meets all or most of the criteria; if it does, then you are ready to start writing. If you are uncertain whether your background matches, meet with a supervisor or other person who can help you make that determination.

- List examples of your experience that demonstrate your capabilities for each of the KSAs. It may help you to set the list aside for a day or two to allow your memory to work.
- Write a short description of your related experience for each element; one or two paragraphs is the general rule.

for each element. Remember that your submission/summary will be judged as a writing sample. Sell yourself!!! Develop the statement as though it were an oral answer to an interview question.

- Set up an appealing format. Be sure that your statement is typed, your thoughts flow well, and there is a natural progression from one statement to the next. Normally, repeating the ranking factor just as it was stated on the announcement is recommended. If limited to a specific number of pages, avoid crowding of information to squeeze in more information.
- Transmit the original narrative along with your application. The original copy gives the impression that you did special work on your application package for the specific job opportunity.
- Maintain and build upon your narrative statement file.
 Often related (generic) KSAs are required for common oc-

cupational areas. The more a KSA statement is rewritten, the better it becomes.

A Few Dos and Don'ts for KSAs

Do:

- Read the whole announcement carefully. Focus on duties and responsibilities of the job. Phone the selecting official for additional information or for clarification regarding duties.
- Follow the agency's specific instructions.
- Provide specific examples of your experience and the level of your involvement.
- Repeat work descriptions from your application.
- Write "I" statements in clear, concise language.
- Focus on progress, achievements, and recognition.
- Use professional jargon, acronyms, and technical terminology as appropriate.

Don't:

- Exaggerate or fabricate.
- Ramble into unrelated areas or attempt to bluff.



- Cut and paste work descriptions from your application.
- Neglect to prepare a KSA response.
- Send "old" narratives to all related jobs.

KSAs are an important part of your application package. Don't neglect them or expect personnel specialists and selecting officials to interpret them. Be clear, concise, and honest. When you have written your response, get someone to read it and give you an honest assessment.

Always remember, market yourself. No one else will!

Interviews

No matter how well you present yourself through your application or your KSA responses, the interview is the final hurdle and the most important part of the selection process. It is your last chance to convey what you can bring to the position you're applying for. The interview is when the employer makes that final assessment of your personal characteristics and decides

whether you will fit in with the organization.

Preparing for the Interview

Know and believe in your goals and objectives.

- Know and understand your strengths and weaknesses; be honest with vourself and with the interviewer.
- Find out as much as you can about the interviewer. the position for which you are applying, and the unwritten tasks. Just because it is advertised as a Range Conservationist position doesn't mean you won't be doing some land use planning or forestry work.

All things being equal, you may have other skills that would help separate you from the other candidates. Obtaining Polly Bergen information prior to the in-

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competing

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as in golf,

where what

it's all about

is to better

yourself.

terview can also help you relate yourself and your experience to the written and unwritten needs of the job.

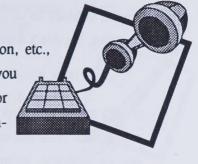
 Write down all of your experience—don't limit yourself to paying jobs; many volunteer or hobby activities may have provided you with valuable experience.

Person-to-Person Interviewing

- Dress properly for the interview—find out what employees wear and tailor yourself to the situation. If you're not sure, it's better to look too professional than too casual.
- Prepare yourself to deal with the nervousness you'll feel when you get to the interview. The nervous feelings you get are nothing more than an overload of adrenaline, so it's best to use some of it up with physical movement. Obviously the physical movement must be something that can be done without making a mess of yourself before the interview. Try some isometric exercises in the car or in the restroom just prior to the interview.
- Arrive early—being late will hurt your prospects with the interviewer.
- Bring any documentation of your accomplishments with you. Don't bring the entire file, only the essential elements.

Telephone Interviewing

 Have your notes, application, etc., ready at all times in case you receive a telephone call for your interview (which is common).



- Don't hesitate to ask if you can call the interviewer right back if the area where you work is noisy and distracting.
 Then get to a quiet area and call back at the agreed-upon time.
- If you are working on a project with a specific deadline and cannot take the time for the interview, it's okay to ask to return the call or set up another time. Be sure to explain your reason for making the return call and agree on a specific time/date. Then be ready!

During the Interview

- Listen carefully to the questions and keep your replies on target—be precise.
- Observe proper etiquette: (1) if the interview is in person, don't smoke, eat, or drink even if invited to do so; (2) ask the interviewer how he/she prefers to be addressed; (3) never interrupt the interviewer; and (4) wait for the interviewer to sit down or offer you a chair before you sit.

- Present yourself as an honest person—don't try to hide anything, but don't deliberately reveal any shortcomings either.
- Qualify and distinguish yourself in the interview: relate your specific skills and experience to the position for which you are applying. Bring out your unique characteristics and experiences and relate them to the position in order to distinguish yourself.
- Sell yourself—project enthusiasm for the job without sounding too ingratiating (don't grovel). Make only positive remarks about yourself, your experience, and your previous employer (don't sell yourself short).
- Ask for the job; tell the interviewer that you are really interested in working for him/her and want the job.
- Try to get a firm idea of what the next step will be before the interview ends.
- If you're sure that the job is not for you because of a factor such as location, salary, or chance for advancement, it is often best to say so directly during the interview.

Responding to the Most Commonly Asked Questions During an Interview

- Tell me about yourself: Outline your strong points and accomplishments, make a summary statement, and then stop talking.
- your Q'sints,
 in A's
- What qualifies you for this job?: Relate your most positive qualifications and experiences first. Again, be prepared with your success stories ahead of time and relate them as if they were spontaneous thoughts.
- Why do you want this job...or...why do you want to work for this organization?: Make positive remarks about the work of the office—show that you've done your homework—display your knowledge subtly.
- What are your goals—long-term or short-term?: Be careful not to appear arrogant. Instead, phrase your reply along the lines of, "I'd like to get experience in these areas and I hope to gain increased responsibilities and perhaps become a...or have a position like yours someday." Be careful of motherhood and apple pie statements.
- Why do you want to leave your present job?: Never say anything negative about your present employer or the organization/agency—even if it's true. Don't mention money; if that sounds like your only motivation, the in-

terviewer will find someone who's interested in the responsibilities of the position. The best bet is to make positive remarks about the position and your desire to assume more responsibilities.

 What are your weaknesses?: The best weaknesses are disguised strengths, such as, "I'm not happy when I'm not challenged by my work" instead of "I'm easily

bored." Another good approach is to give an

irrelevant weakness, such as, "I don't do this well, or I don't operate this kind of machine well"—something that won't be required of you in the position you're after.

- How do you work with groups—are you a team player?: Describe some of the team efforts you have been involved in and be sure to give credit to your coworkers for their contributions to the product.
- Describe the work you do now: Emphasize your importance or the importance of the work you do. Describe some of the more routine work as well, so that you make it known that you don't neglect details.

Most Common Reasons Why Applicants are Rejected After the Interview

- Poor personal appearance.
- Overbearing, overaggressive, overconfident, conceited, superiority complex, know-it-all attitude.

 Inability to express self clearly, poor voice, diction, grammar.

- Lack of planning for a career, purpose, and goal(s).
- Lack of interest, enthusiasm; passive, indifferent attitude.
- Lack of confidence, poise; nervousness, ill-at-ease.
- Overemphasis on salary.
- Unwilling to start at the bottom, expects too much too soon.
- Makes excuses, evasive, hedges on unfavorable items in record.
- Lack of tact.

- · Lack of maturity.
- · Lack of courtesy; ill-mannered.
- Condemnation of past employers.
- · Lack of social understanding.
- Lack of enthusiasm.
- Fails to look interviewer in the eye.
- · Indecision.
- Sloppy application.
- Overelaboration of details of experience.
- Wants the job for only a short time.
- Little sense of humor.
- · Lack of knowledge in field of specialization.
- Emphasis on people s/he knows.
- Unwilling to go where agency has a need.



- Cynical.
- Intolerant, strong prejudices.
- Narrow interests.
- Lack of appreciation of the value of experience.
- Late to interview without a good reason.
- Failure to express appreciation for interviewer's time.
 Asks no questions about the job.
- High-pressure type.
- Indefinite response to questions.

In summary, the employer is not doing you a favor if s/he offers you a job. Employers expect to profit by hiring you and that's why they are doing it. In other words, the employer is trying to find the answer to one simple question: "What can you do for me?" To force the employer to dig for that answer is ridiculous. To not know what you could do to help that employer solve his or her problem is tantamount to losing half the battle. To imply in any

way that you doubt your ability to do that work is to lose the other half. The people who succeed best in interviews do so for one of two basic reasons:

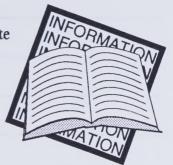
- They clearly have the skills to do the work.
- They project a feeling of confidence in their skills sufficient to overcome any perceived weaknesses on the part of the interviewer.

Dare to dream. Don't abandon a goal before you've evaluated it. A positive attitude can make almost anything possible!

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